Weekly Macro Brief

w/c 24 June 2019

Key Themes

APITAL PARTNERS

The focus will be on the G-20 summit in Osaka at the end of the week – 28-29 Jun. Closely watched will be the outcome of the meeting between US President Trump and China's President Xi and whether or not there will be another round of tariff escalation. There will also be meetings regarding the US-Japan trade negotiations.

US data highlights this week include a focus on manufacturing output. After the falls in momentum reported in the regional surveys and prelim composite PMI for Jun last week, there will be several further readings of regional activity in Jun. The final reading of consumer sentiment for Jun will also be released – possibly reflecting the more positive outcome of no tariffs on imports from Mexico.

Also, this week will be the first read on durable goods orders and shipments for May, personal consumption expenditure and incomes and the PCE price index for May.

US Fed Chairman Powell speak this week in an interview discussing the challenges facing the U.S. economy and the policies of the Federal Reserve.

In Japan – the prelim reading for May industrial production will be important and the extent to which it confirms the weaker PMI readings for output in manufacturing.

In Australia, month-end private sector credit data will be released for May. This is still cycling over the May election result and the unexpected win by the Liberal Party.

US Treasury supply will be somewhat lighter this week – the US Treasury will settle approx. \$180bn in ST bills and coupons, raising approx. \$16bn in new money.

US Treasury Issuance, Settlements & Fed Balance Sheet Normalization

US Treasury supply will be somewhat lighter this week - the US Treasury will settle approx. \$180bn in ST bills and coupons this week raising approx. \$16bn in new cash.

Approx. \$21.463bn in SOMA holdings of securities will mature on 1 Jul – with approx. \$6.5bn to be reinvested.

WEE	K Auction Date	Settlement Date	Marketable Securities	Auction Amount \$B (TBAC)	Amount Maturing \$B	Now		
24-28 Jun	20-Jun	25-Jun	4 week bill	40			Completed	
	20-Jun	25-Jun	8 week bill	35				
				75	80	-5		
	24-Jun	27-Jun	13 week bill	36			Announced	
	24-Jun	27-Jun	26 week bill	36			Announced	
				72	84	-12		
	20-Jun	28-Jun	5yr TIPS R/O	15			Completed	
	26-Jun	28-Jun	2yr FRN R/O	18			Announced	
				33	0	33		
		Total - securities settling this week		180	164	16		
Fed SOMA	- Face Value of SOMA	securities maturing	30 JUN 2019 (1 Jul)	21.46				
		Pro	14.97					
			Amount to reinvest	6.50				

UPDATED - Securities maturing on the Fed balance sheet in June

In June, \$21.513bn of long-term securities on the Fed balance sheet will mature and \$45m in ST bills will also mature (4 and 8wk bills);

18 June; \$45m in ST bills (4 and 8 week) will mature. The proportion of the monthly cap is \$0.035bn which means that \$0.015bn in principal payments will be reinvested.

30 June; \$21.463bn in securities will mature. The proportion of the monthly cap is \$14.965bn. This means that approx. \$6.498bn in principal payments will be reinvested.

Data is available at <u>https://www.newyorkfed.org/markets/soma/sysopen_accholdings.html</u> and the face value of maturing securities (in Fed SOMA) is also provided on the Treasury Direct auction announcements.

Monday 24 June 2019

US - Chicago Fed National Activity Index (May), Dallas Fed Manufacturing Survey (Jun)

Japan – BoJ Meeting Minutes

Tuesday 25 June 2019

US – CoreLogic Case-Shiller House Price Index (Apr), New Home Sales (May), Richmond Fed Manufacturing Survey (Jun)

US Fed Speeches;

Federal Reserve Chairman Powell - Discuss the challenges facing the U.S. economy and the policies of the Federal Reserve in "A Conversation with Jerome H. Powell" interview with New York Times Senior Economics Correspondent Neil Irwin at the Council on Foreign Relations in New York

NY Fed President Williams - opening remarks at the OPEN Finance Forum in New York

Atlanta Fed President Bostic - panel on "The State of the Nation's Housing 2019 Release" report in Atlanta

St. Louis Fed President Bullard - welcoming remarks at the Homer Jones Memorial Lecture featuring Carmen Reinhart at the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis in St. Louis

NZ - RBNZ Rate Decision, Statement and Press Conference

Wednesday 26 June 2019

US – Durable Goods Orders (May), International Trade in Goods (May)

Japan – Retail Trade (May)

Thursday 27 June 2019

US – GDP Q1 (third Est), Pending Home Sales (May), Kansas City Fed Manufacturing Index (Jun)

Europe – Germany CPI – Prelim (Jun)

Mars Capital Partners Pty Ltd

Japan – Industrial Production - Prelim (May) Australia – Private Sector Credit (May)

Friday 28 June 2019

US – Personal Consumption and Income and PCE Price Index (May), Chicago PMI (Jun), Consumer Sentiment – final (Jun)

UK – Q1 GDP

Europe - Eurozone CPI - Prelim (Jun)

G20 Summit, Osaka, Japan - Commences

Saturday 29 June 2019

G20 Summit, Osaka, Japan - Concludes

Trade & Brexit

US-China Trade Negotiations

Presidents Trump and Xi are likely to meet at the upcoming G20 summit this week in Osaka. While hopes for a deal are remote, some positive gesture to agree to move forward, before another round of tariff escalation, is possible;

"My hope is we can get back on track," Lighthizer told lawmakers last week. "I think It's in our interest. I think it's in their interest. Hopefully the politics will line up over there to allow that to happen."

The US is continuing the process of investigating imposing the next round of tariffs on the remaining \$300bn of imports from China. Public hearings will continue this coming week on the proposed tariff list for the remaining \$300bn of imports from China.

Key dates for the USTR investigation;

10 June - filing deadline for requests to appear at the public hearing

17 -25 June – public hearings in Washington <u>https://ustr.gov/about-us/policy-offices/press-office/press-releases/2019/june/public-hearings-proposed-section-301</u>

The main G20 Summit in Osaka will be in the coming week 28-29 Jun.

Background;

The USTR announced on 10 May that;

"Earlier today, at the direction of the President, the United States increased the level of tariffs from 10 percent to 25 percent on approximately \$200 billion worth of Chinese imports. The President also ordered us to begin the process of raising tariffs on essentially all remaining imports from China, which are valued at approximately \$300 billion." https://ustr.gov/about-us/policyoffices/press-office/press-releases/2019/may/statement-us-traderepresentative

These tariffs will go into effect from 15 June 2019; <u>https://ustr.gov/about-us/policy-offices/press-office/press-releases/2019/may/notice-regarding-application-section</u>

As expected, China announced retaliatory tariffs on \$60 billion of U.S. goods.

Reconfirming what a 'win' in the negotiations with China looks like – a statement of the key goals as outlined by the USTR (emphasis added);

The meetings were held as part of the agreement reached by President Donald J. Trump and President Xi Jinping in Buenos Aires to engage in 90 days of negotiations with a view to achieving needed structural changes in China with respect to forced technology transfer, intellectual property protection, non-tariff barriers, cyber intrusions and cyber theft of trade secrets for commercial purposes, services, and agriculture. https://ustr.gov/about-us/policy-offices/press-office/press-releases/2019/january/statementunited-states-trade

Special 2019 Section 301 Review

No further notification on progress.

The USTR released its annual Special 301 Report on Intellectual Property Protection and Review of Notorious Markets for Piracy and Counterfeiting late last week.

"Specifically, over the coming weeks, USTR will review the developments against the benchmarks established in the Special 301 action plans for countries that have been on the Priority Watch List for multiple years. For such countries that fail to address U.S. concerns, USTR will take appropriate actions, such as enforcement actions under Section 301 of the Trade Act or pursuant to World Trade Organization or other trade agreement dispute settlement procedures, necessary to combat unfair trade practices and to ensure that trading partners follow through with their international commitments." <u>https://ustr.gov/about-us/policy-offices/press-office/pressreleases/2019/april/ustr-releases-annual-special-301</u>

The report prepared a 'priority watch list', a 'watch list' and a 'notorious markets list". The report highlighted;

"trading partners that do not adequately or effectively protect and enforce intellectual property (IP) rights or otherwise deny market access to U.S. innovators and creators that rely on protection of their IP rights.

Trading partners that currently present the most significant concerns regarding IP rights are placed on the Priority Watch List or Watch List. USTR identified 36 countries for these lists in the Special 301 Report:

Algeria, Argentina, Chile, China, India, Indonesia, Kuwait, Russia, Saudi Arabia, Ukraine and Venezuela are on the Priority Watch List.

Barbados, Bolivia, Brazil, Canada, Colombia, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, Greece, Guatemala, Jamaica, Lebanon, Mexico, Pakistan, Paraguay, Peru, Romania, Switzerland, Thailand, Turkey, Turkmenistan, the United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan and Vietnam are on the Watch List."

Notorious Markets List

"The Notorious Markets List highlights 33 online markets and 25 physical markets that are reported to engage in and facilitate substantial copyright piracy and trademark counterfeiting"

https://ustr.gov/sites/default/files/2018_Notorious_Markets_List.pdf

The link to the notorious markets reports is here; <u>https://ustr.gov/sites/default/files/2018_Notorious_Markets_List.pdf</u>

The first country on the list is China.

The full report; https://ustr.gov/sites/default/files/2019_Special_301_Report.pdf

NAFTA/USMCA

During the week, Mexico's Senate passed the USMCA – the first of the three parties to ratify the agreement.

"The move is welcome news for the Trump administration as it pushes for the U.S. Congress to approve the deal this summer. But Democrats have said they will not be rushed into passing the deal until the administration makes changes to the agreement's provisions on enforcement, labor, the environment and drug pricing."

"Canada, for its part, has already introduced an implementation bill in the country's Parliament. But Canadian officials have expressed a desire to approve the deal at roughly the same time as any final votes are held in the U.S. Congress."<u>https://www.politico.com/story/2019/06/19/mexico-passes-usmca-1538543</u>

On 30 May, USTR Lighthizer had submitted a 'statement of administrative action' letter to Congress, allowing the White House to submit the USMCA deal to Congress for vote within 30 days. House speaker Pelosi said;

"The Trump Administration's decision to send Congress a draft statement of administrative action before we have finished working with U.S. Trade Representative Lighthizer to ensure the USMCA benefits American workers and farmers is not a positive step," Pelosi said in a statement Thursday. "It indicates a lack of knowledge on the part of the Administration on the policy and process to pass a trade agreement."

https://www.washingtonexaminer.com/policy/white-house-to-formallysubmit-usmca-trade-deal

This action means that the House must vote on the deal within 60 days.

Section 232 – Car and Truck Imports

President Trump has agreed to delay the decision to impose tariffs on auto imports as a part of the s.232 investigation on car and truck imports on national security grounds. But he has stated that he agrees with the conclusion of the Commerce Dept report that imports harmed national security by causing declining market share for US-owned carmakers.

""I concur in [Commerce Secretary Wilbur Ross'] finding that automobiles and certain automobile parts are being imported into the United States in such quantities and under such circumstances as to threaten to impair the national security of the United States," Trump said in a proclamation outlining his decision." <u>https://www.politico.com/story/2019/05/17/donald-trump-auto-tariffs-1330014</u>

As a part of the announcement, US President Trump also ...

"directed U.S. Trade Representative Robert Lighthizer to pursue the negotiation of agreements with the EU, Japan and other countries that address the alleged national security threat posed by auto imports.

Lighthizer was directed to update the president on the status of those talks within 180 days." <u>https://www.politico.com/story/2019/05/17/donald-trump-auto-tariffs-1330014</u>

The tariffs remain as negotiating leverage between the US and Japan and the EU. The S.232 report has not been made public, but President Trump's statement provided some insight as to how the Commerce Dept justified the 'national security' grounds;

"The rapid application of commercial breakthroughs in automobile technology is necessary for the United States to retain competitive military advantage and meet new defense requirements," the proclamation said.

The proclamation added that the U.S. defense industrial base depends on the "American-owned automotive sector" for development of technologies essential to military superiority. Foreign imports have eroded the ability of U.S. companies to compete and research and develop new technologies, the proclamation said.

"The lag in R&D expenditures by American-owned producers is weakening innovation and, accordingly, threatening to impair our national security," the proclamation stated. <u>https://www.politico.com/story/2019/05/17/donald-</u> <u>trump-auto-tariffs-1330014</u>

US-Japan Trade Talks

Expect further talks to take place at the end of this week at the G20 summit. <u>https://www.japantimes.co.jp/news/2019/06/21/business/japan-u-s-seek-compromise-car-industrial-goods-tariffs-working-level-talks/#.XRBHE-szZhE</u>

President Trump stated that August is the likely deadline for the two countries to announce a deal – after Jul elections. Importantly within the six-month window for auto-tariffs. <u>https://asia.nikkei.com/Politics/International-relations/Trump-touts-August-trade-deal-with-Japan</u>

Key issues for the US remain the trade deficit, access for agriculture and auto exports, as well as currency clauses to 'prevent competitive devaluations'. <u>https://www.washingtonpost.com/business/whats-at-stakein-us-japan-trade-talks/2019/05/24/62d6104a-7e5d-11e9-b1f3-b233fe5811ef_story.html?utm_term=.776b6d909b48</u>

Background;

Along with the postponement of the auto tariffs, USTR Lighthizer has also confirmed that the US will not push for import quotas as a part of the trade deal.

Agriculture as well as auto tariffs remain important to the negotiations. Representatives have previously stated that Japan would not soften its stance on agriculture (import tariffs have been high);

Donald Trump's hopes of completing a trade deal with Japan next month have been severely dented after he failed to persuade prime minister Shinzo Abe to give the US greater access to the country's agricultural market. <u>https://www.ft.com/content/6ae28e80-698b-11e9-80c7-60ee53e6681d</u>

Japan wants to ensure it gets something in return for granting US farmers greater market access to its market, namely removing the threat of tariffs on car imports on the basis of US national

security. https://www.ft.com/content/6ae28e80-698b-11e9-80c7-

<u>60ee53e6681d</u>

A group of major US farm groups has lobbied USTR Lighthizer regarding the trade talks with Japan and access to the Japanese market (emphasis added);

"In recent weeks, Japan cut tariffs for the second time on agricultural imports from the European Union and CPTPP member countries. **As a result, U.S. exporters of wheat, beef, pork, dairy, wine, potatoes, fruits and vegetables, and other products are facing collapse of their Japanese market share as these lucrative sales are handed over to their competitors.**" <u>https://www.hpj.com/ag_news/plenty-of-trade-action-on-</u> <u>several-fronts/article_6ac3fc7d-8eb4-5d6d-965d-602094ce6a66.html</u>

The summary of US negotiating objectives for the US-Japan trade talks have been published;

https://ustr.gov/sites/default/files/2018.12.21 Summary of U.S.-Japan_Negotiating_Objectives.pdf

US-Europe Trade Talks

There are several fronts to the talks between the US and the EU. The first is the current live investigation by the USTR into EU civil aircraft subsidies. The due date for the submission of written comments was 28 May – awaiting the outcome of that investigation (which should be completed shortly).

The second front is the main talks to negotiate a trade deal between the US and EU. The recent EU parliamentary elections will change the composition of the EU parliament – adding some complexity;

"There very likely will be a whole new set of parties with whom to negotiate a transaction," said Ross. "So my guess is it's going to take a while to know whether there is any real prospect of a new agreement with the European Commission." <u>https://www.theepochtimes.com/wilbur-ross-eu-trade-talks-are-far-more-complex-than-negotiating-with-china_2965690.html</u>

It now seems likely that the US and EU will enter talks "on a limited trade agreement, which covers vehicles". <u>https://menafn.com/1098537328/EU-set-for-talks-with-US-on-limited-trade-agreement</u>

"The EU indicated last month it is ready to start talks with the United States on only two areas: cutting tariffs on industrial goods and making it easier for companies to show products meet EU or US standards." <u>https://www.bworldonline.com/eu-says-agriculture-not-on-agenda-for-us-</u> talks/

Background – The EC authorised negotiations to commence between the EU and the US. Emphasis added;

"Today's adoption of the EU negotiating directives gives a clear signal of the EU's commitment to a positive trade agenda with the US and the implementation of the strictly defined work programme agreed by Presidents Trump and Juncker on 25 July 2018. **But let me be clear: we will not speak about agriculture** or public procurement."

https://www.consilium.europa.eu/en/press/press-releases/2019/04/15/trade-with-the-unitedstates-council-authorises-negotiations-on-elimination-of-tariffs-for-industrial-goods-and-onconformity-assessment/?utm_source=dsms-

<u>auto&utm_medium=email&utm_campaign=Trade+with+the+United+States%3a+Council+authoris</u> <u>es+negotiations+on+elimination+of+tariffs+for+industrial+goods+and+on+conformity+assessme</u> <u>nt</u>

US-EU civil aircraft subsidies; The USTR announced it will commence a process that will identify products of the EU that additional duties will be applied to in response to continued EU subsidies for Airbus. <u>https://ustr.gov/about-us/policy-offices/press-office/press-releases/2019/april/ustr-proposes-products-tariff</u>

The USTR has now launched an "investigation to enforce U.S. rights in the World Trade Organization (WTO) dispute against the European Union (EU) and certain EU member States addressed to EU subsidies on large civil aircraft."

The Trade Representative proposes to take action in the form of additional duties on products of the EU or certain member States, to be drawn from the preliminary list annexed to this Notice.

Key dates for this investigation;

May 6, 2019: Due date for submission of requests to appear at the public hearing and summary of testimony.

May 15, 2019: The Section 301 Committee will convene a public hearing. Details; <u>https://ustr.gov/about-us/policy-offices/press-office/press-releases/2019/may/public-hearing-proposed-countermeasures</u>

May 28, 2019: Due date for submission of written comments, including post-hearing rebuttal comments.

https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2019/04/12/2019-07267/initiation-of-investigationnotice-of-hearing-and-request-for-public-comments-enforcement-of-us-wto

Last week the EC has identified approx. €20bn in US exports for tariffs; Mars Capital Partners Pty Ltd 11 "The European Commission Wednesday said it wants to hit around €20 billion of U.S. exports with tariffs in retaliation for unlawful subsidies given by the U.S to American aircraft manufacturer Boeing." <u>https://www.politico.eu/article/euprepares-e20b-retaliation-against-us-over-boeing-subsidies/</u>

https://www.politico.eu/tag/eu-us-trade-talks/

The summary of US negotiating objectives for the US-EU trade talks have been published;

https://ustr.gov/sites/default/files/01.11.2019 Summary of U.S.-EU_Negotiating_Objectives.pdf

US-UK Trade Talks

During his visit to the UK, President Trump announced that the US would begin talks with the UK on a trade deal as soon as Brexit was completed.

The USTR has now published the summary of specific negotiating objectives for the US-UK trade negotiations; <u>https://ustr.gov/sites/default/files/Summary_of_U.S.-</u> <u>UK_Negotiating_Objectives.pdf</u>

BREXIT

The process to select a new leader of the Conservative Party is underway. Foreign Secretary Jeremy Hunt and Boris Johnston are the leading contenders for the leadership. Hunt voted to remain in the EU in 2016 and has now said he would vote for Brexit. Johnston supported the Brexit campaign.

Last week both made a pitch to Conservative Party members – these members will vote on the leadership.

"The result of the postal ballot will be announced in the week of July 22." <u>https://www.reuters.com/article/uk-britain-eu-leader/pm-favourite-johnson-reiterates-desire-for-october-31-brexit-idUSKCN1TN0MX</u>

Current Brexit documents:

Announcement; http://europa.eu/rapid/press-release_IP-18-6424_en.htm

Comprehensive factsheet; http://europa.eu/rapid/press-release_MEMO-18-6422_en.htm

Q&A Protocol on Ireland and Northern Ireland; <u>http://europa.eu/rapid/press-release_MEMO-18-6423_en.htm</u>